

## Consolidation and expansion



After Marie Madeleine's death in 1858, Joséphine Petit was elected Superior General. She died 30 years later, in January 1888, leaving a rich legacy to the Society. She had re-opened two houses in France, Bourges and Nantes, and set up five new houses in France, as well as eight in England, and one in Ireland. In the last decade of her life, she seemed to discover within herself a true missionary spirit, and had established a number of houses in Australia and Canada. She achieved this, in spite of lack of sufficient personnel, without denuding the communities in Europe.

### FRANCE

- 1859: Bourges re-opened
- 1867: Reuil, near Paris
- 1871: Nantes re-opened
- 1875: Guérande, Brittany
- 1877: Veyrier, Haute Savoie
- 1884: Henriville, Amiens, Picardy

### ENGLAND

- 1861: Preston, Lancashire
- 1862: Upton Hall, Merseyside
- 1865: Exeter, Devonshire
- 1866: Skipton, Yorkshire
- 1872: Middlesbrough, Teesside
- 1880: Redcar, Teesside
- 1881: Poplar, East London
- 1884: West Hartlepool, County Durham

### IRELAND

- 1861: Newtownbarry, Wexford

### AUSTRALIA

- 1882: Melbourne



*Upton Hall Convent Chapel about 1910 Source: Upton in the Hundred of Wirral*

## CANADA

1883: St Laurent  
1883: Prince Albert  
1883: Brandon, Manitoba  
1885: Calgary  
1888: Edmonton



*The voyage of the pioneer sisters to Canada, 1883. Pictures sent by the travelers.*

### Third Superior General, Marie de Bussy

Marie de Bussy followed Joséphine Petit as Superior General, and in the six years of her leadership of the Society, 1881 – 1895, she brought to fruition projects foreseen and prepared for by her predecessor. These included the opening of four houses, one in Scotland and three in Western Canada. Marie also played an important part in the burgeoning ministry of the FCJs in Melbourne, Australia: in her time, a large property was purchased in the district of Kew in 1889 and a fine new school building was commissioned from a distinguished architect.



*Genazzano College, founded in 1889. The property in Kew was originally secured as an all-girls' boarding school by the twelve founding Sisters who had set sail from England in 1882, to help meet the growing need for Catholic Education in Australia. Together with William Wardell, an eminent colonial architect, they oversaw the construction of the stunning Wardell Building in 1889, and in April 1891 the Sisters and their pupils took possession of their new College.*

### Foundations

1889, Paisley, Scotland  
1891: Lethbridge, Canada  
1892: Rat-Portage, Canada  
1894: Saskatchewan, Canada  
1894: Fond du Lac, Wisconsin, USA

### Fourth Superior General, Zoé Girod

When Marie de Bussy died in 1895, she was replaced by Zoé Girod. Like her predecessors, Zoé's desire was to respond to the needs of the time, and to encourage and facilitate the growth of the Society in accordance with its traditions. The FCJs were steadily increasing in number and had a well established reputation for apostolic effectiveness. Their major apostolates, education in boarding-schools, parish day schools and evening classes for women, together with the work of retreats and attending to the needs of the poor in workhouses, were in constant demand. The sisters, in going to Australia and Canada, had begun to undertake the missionary journeys that had always been part of Marie Madeleine's vision, and Zoé wanted this broadening of the Society's horizons to continue. In her years as Superior General, in spite of her anxieties and preoccupations

concerning the volatile political situation in France (which necessitated moving sisters from some of the French houses to Belgium and Switzerland), she was instrumental in furthering the expansion of the Society in different parts of the world. Zoé died in January 1914, a few months before the beginning of the Great War.

## Foundations

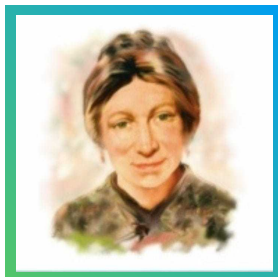
1896: Fitchburg, Massachusetts, USA  
 1901: Gilbertsville, Massachusetts, USA  
 1900: Benalla, Eastern Victoria, Australia  
 1902: Graty, Belgium  
 1903: Fribourg, Switzerland  
 1904: Brussels, Belgium  
 1904: Namur, Belgium  
 1904: Sedgley Park, Manchester, England  
 1908: Guernsey, Channel Islands  
 1909: Salzennes, Belgium  
 1911: Hawthorn, Melbourne, Australia  
 1912: Cliftonville, Kent, England  
 1913: Broadstairs, Kent, England  
 1913: Jersey, Channel Islands  
 1910: Edmonton, Canada – St Anne’s



*Sedgley Park Training College, Manchester, , c. 1919*



*The grounds of the FCJ boarding school for girls at Bagatelle, Guernsey*



“ Serikat kita yang kecil ini bertujuan memuliakan hati Yesus dengan segala cara yang bisa dibuat Serikat. ”

*Marie Madeleine d’Houët*

## Sahabat Setia Yesus